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## WHAT IS SPREAD TRADING?

### **Definition**

A trading strategy that involves simultaneously buying and selling two different financial instruments.



## Legs

A spread is made up of two offsetting positions, called legs.



### **Purpose**

To take advantage of the price discrepancy and reduce financial risk.







## **TYPES OF SPREAD**

### CALENDAR SPREAD



### **Definition**

Simultaneously buy one contract in one month and sell one in another month for the same contract.

# INTERMARKET SPREAD



#### **Definition**

Simultaneously buy and sell two different, but related futures with the same contract month.

# COMMODITY SPREAD



#### **Definition**

Buy and sell futures contracts that are related in the processing of raw commodities

### **Examples**

Buy FCPO Dec 2024 contract and sell FCPO May 2025 contract to trade on the price differences.

### **Examples**

Use Gold-Silver spread to trade on the relationship between gold and silver futures prices.

### **Examples**

Processors of soybeans use Soybean Crush spread to buy soybean futures and sell soybean meal and soybean oil futures.



# **EXAMPLE**

You think the price of crude palm oil will increase and decide to buy the nearmonth contract and sell the far-month contract.

## Buy

FCPO - Dec 2024 contract

@3,500

The price increases to 3,600 and you sell to close your position.

## Sell

FCPO - May 2025 contract

@3,600

The price increases to 3,670 and you buy to close your position.

Net profit = (100 -70) x RM25 = RM750





# BENEFITS OF SPREAD TRADING



Reduce the impact of adverse price movements in a single market and diversity trading strategies.



Allows hedgers to control price risk by locking in price disparities between two contracts.



Exploit price differences between contracts of the same commodity but different contract months.

Source: CME Group, Earn2Trade, Investopedia, StoneX One, Wallet Investor